Conf Pam # 12^{mo} # 1007



P\$N 2730

ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,

GICHMOND April 6, 1863

No. 37.

1. The following Act of Congress, concerning "impressments," and the interactions of the War Department reporting it, are published for the information and direction of all concerned:

"Whenever the skig neies of any army in the field are such as to make myressments of ferage, articles of subsistence or other property absolutely accessary, then such impressments may be made by the officer of officers whose tuty it is to furnish such forage, articles of subsistence or other property for such army. In cases where the ewner of the property and the impressing officer cannot agree upon the value ther of, it shall be the duty of such impressing of such inspired and are supon the value ther of, it shall be the duty of such impressing on his age int, that such property was grown, raised or produced by said owner, or is held or has hen purchased by him, and for safe or speculation, but for his own use or consumption to consumption to consumption to consumption to consumption to a safe to ascertained and determined by the judgment of two loyal and disinterested citizens of the city, county of part in which such inpressing officer; and in the event of their disagrement, therefore the consumption of the city, county to be fined. The persons thus selected, after taking an oath to appraise the property impressed, fairly and imparisally (which oath, as well as the afallativit provided of in this section, the impressing officer is hereby authorized to administer and certify) shall proceed to assess just compensation for the property so impressed, whether the absolute ownership or the temporary use thereof only is real niced.

"Size, 2. That the officer or 1 is on impressing property as aforesaid, shall, at the time of said taking, pay to the owner, his agent or attorney, the composition fixed by said appraisars; and shall also give to the owner, or person controlling said property, a cartificate, over his official signature, specifying the battaflon, regiment, higade, division or corps to which he belongs, that aid property is at all for the up of the array, could not be otherwise premared, and was take through absolute no essity; a sting forth the time and place when and whose taken, the amount of compensation lived by said appraisars, and the same, if any, paid for the same. Said certificate shall be yieldenee for the even as well of the taking of said property for the public use, as the ight of the owner to the amount of compensation fixed as oforesaid. And or we had officer or person laking said property shall have failed to pay the owner can be in the facility to the specific begins to for required, then said owner can be a middle to the specific begins to for required, then said owner can be considered to the same by the proper disbaying officer; which, we are opaid, shall be in fall satisfaction of all claim against the gave runs of the Confiderate States.

"Size, 3. Whenever the appear in at providing in the first section of the and at that every the input time of said impressment, then and in that every the result is not be as as a soon as less by two by the distinct the first of the city, country or parish, where in the property distinct the first of the city, country or parish, where in the property of guarantees as a first the constant of the city, country or and on by the Country of Quartees, and the order of the agent, in case of lisager them, so the city as a full the constant as an union, as an union, the constant is the many that he order, who which is sworn as another, who shall be sworn as another, who shall be sworn as another, who shall be sworn as another, and the constant is the constant of the country and assesses the constant of the const

See 4. The new the Secretary of Warsh, Ill of a contractific sec to take present on the fee public setyre, on of the interaction of the distribution of the interaction of the arrangement of the arrangeme

for the purple up the compensation du the owner to the same in a definition of and the value axed as provided for in the first and a conductions of this act.

"Sec. 5. That it sails to the anty of the Persident at practice ble after the parage of this act to topoint a commission in the twelver property shall be taken for the public in and requisite commission root of such of the attern which the President is ill appoint set commission recommissioner, to act in conjunction with the commissioner appoint by the President, who shall receive the compensation of the delies peday, and the cents per infer as mileage, to be paid by the Conditional Articles and the cents per infer as mileage, to be paid by the Condition where the configuration ment. Said commissioners shall constitute a board, whose duty is shall be to fix upon the prices to be paid by the government for all property impressed or taken for the public use as aforesaid, so as to afford just company into to howners thereof. Said commissioners shall agree upon and publish a sele disposition of the shall be acted to the mental of prices every two months, or oftener if they shall do in it property; and in the event they shall have power to appoint an umpire to decide the matter in lispute, whose decision shall be the decision of the board; and said impire shall occive the same rate of compensation for the time he shall serve, allowed to said commissioners respectively; Provided, that said commissioners within ten days after a request to do so by the President, then the President shall appoint both commissioners, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

"SEC. 6. That all property impressed or taken for the public use, as aforesaid, in the hands of any person other than the pusons who have raised, grown or produced the same, or persons holding the same for their own use or consumption, and who shall make the affidavit as herein before required, shall be paid for according to the schedule of prices fixed by the commissioners as aforesaid. But if the officer impressing or taking for the public us such property, and the owner, shall differ as to the quality of the article or property impressed or taken as aforesaid, thereby making it fall within a higher or lower price named in the schedule, then the owner or agent and the officer impressing or taking, as aforesaid, may select each a loyal and disinterested citizen, of the qualifications as aforesaid to determine the quality of said article or property, who shall, in case of disagreement, appoint an umpire of like qualifications, and his decision, if approved by the officer impressing, shall be final; but if not approved, the impressing officer shall send the award to the commissioners of the date where the property is impressed, and his reasons for disapproving the ame, and said commissioners may hear such proofs as the parties may respectively adduce, and their decision shall be final; Provided, that the owner may receive the price offered by the impressing officer, without prejudice to his claim to receive the higher compensation.

"Sec. 7. That the property necessary for the support of the owner and his family, and to carry on his ordinary agricultural and mechanical business, to be ascertained by the appraisers, to be appointed as provid d in the first section of this act, under oath, shall not be taken or impressed for the publicate; and when the impressing officer and the owner cannot agree as to the quantity of property necessary as aforesaid, then the decision of the said ap-

praisers hall be binding on the officer and all other persons.

SECURENT Where property has been impressed for temporary use, and is lost of destroyed, without the default of the owner, the Government of the Collederate States shall pay a just compensation therefor; to be ascertained by appraisers appointed and qualified as provided in the first section of this act. If such property, when returned has, in the opinion of the owner, been injured bilst in the public use, the amount of damage thereby sustained shall be determined in the manner prescribed in the third section of this act, the officer returning, the property being authorized to act on behalf of the government, and upon such enquiry, the certificate of the value of the property, when in crually impressed, shall be received as prima facilities of the value of the value.

When claves ar impressed by the Confederate Government is

aws of the set wherein they are impressed, and in the absect of the invariance of the such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the precisions of this set, as the Screenay of War shall, from time to the set of the Provided, that no impressment of slaves shall be made when they can be fired or procured by the consent of the owner or agent.

"SEC. 10. That previous to the first day of December next, an slav laboring on a sarm or plantation exclusively devoted to the production of rrain and provision, shall be taken for the public use, without the consent of the owar, except in gase of angent necessity,

"Sic. 11. That any commissioned or non-commissioned officer or private who shall violate the provisions of this act, shall be tried before the military court of the corps to which be is attached, on complaint made by the owner or other person, and on conviction, if an officer, he shall be cashiered and put into the ranks as a private; and if a non-commissioned officer or private, he shall suffer such punishment, not inconsistent with military law, as the court may direct."

II.—I. By the authority of the act of congress aforesaid, the Secretary of War hereby recognizes impressment as a legal and operative mode of securing necessary supplies of subsistence, medical and quartermaster's stores for the armies of the Confederate States in the field, and to accumulate them in magazine, posts and depots, owing to the impracticability of procuring them by contract.

2. Impressments may be made under orders from Generals commanding armits, departments, corps, divisions, brigades, and by commanders of detached parties and posts, when a necessity arises: which orders may be executed by quartermasters, commissatios or medical purveyors and their subordinates, for their respective departments.

The Quart master General Commissary General and Surgeon General may designate the officers and persons who shall be competent to make impressments to accumulate supplies at posts and depots.

3. No officer or agent shall impress the necessary supplies which any person may have for the consumption of himself, his family, employees, slaves, or to carry on his ordinary mechanical, manufacturing or agricultural employ-

4. Before any impressment of property shall take place, the impressing officer or his agent shall make an offer, addressed to the owner, his bailer or other agent, to purchase the property describing the property be wishes to purchase, the price to be paid, and the mode of payment, whether in money, or by certificate, and stating that upon the refusal of the price offered, that compensation for the property will be made according to the act of congress aforesaid, for the regulation of impressments; which notice shall bind the said property until the completion of the negotiation for the sale or appropriation thereof, so that there can be no removal or transfer of the same.

5. In the event of the refusal of the price offered, the impressing officer shall proc ed to settle the compensation to be paid, according to the first section of the act aforesaid, if the property belongs to a person who has grown, raised, or preduced the same, or who holds or has purchased the same for his own use or consumption; but the said property shall be paid for according to the 5th section of the act aforesaid, if the property is held for sale or other purposes than those before mentioned.

6. That the property shall remain in the possession of the owner, his baile or agent, and at his risk, during the pendency of the proceedings for the ascertainment of the compensation, unless it shall be otherwise agreed to, or unless some urgent necessity shall require the possession of the property to be changed. In case of a change of possession, the Confederate States shall be regarded as the owner, and the property shall be held for their account and risk.

7. The impressing officer shall, at the date of the impressment, pay to the owner, his agent or attorney in fact, the compensation agreed upon, if it be practicable; but if he cannot do so, he shall give a certificate, according to the second section of the act aforesaid; which shall be paid upon presentation to he disburging officers, who shall be designated for that purpose.

8. Impresments, which shall be made before the appointment of the com-

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By order,

Adjutant and Inspector General.

ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, Ruenworn, April 10, 1863.

No. 39.

I. That in all cases of impressment heretofore made under the authority of any of the persons in ntional in Par. 2d of Sec. 11, of General Orders, No. 37, in which the property impress d is either in the posse, ion of the owner or of the impressing officer or his subordinates, and the compensation therefor shall not have been adjusted, and it shall be necessary to determine the compensation to be made, it shall be lawful to employ the rules and agencies provided in the act of congress concerning impressment, and the General Orders aforesaid for that purpose, in the same manner and under the same circumstances as if the impressment had been made since the date of the same

By order.

S. COOPER, Adjutant and Inspector General.

ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, A RICHMOND, May 1, 1863.

General Orders, No. 53.

The following Act of Congress, approved by the President, is published for the information and direction of all concerned, in connection with the Act relating to impressments, heretofore announced in General Orders, No. 37, from the Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, April 6th, 1863, and as supplementary to said Act:

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED AN ACT TO RESULATE IMPROMPTATE BY OFFICERS OF THE ARMY.

"The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact, That in all cases of appraisement provided for in said act, the officer impressing the property shall, if he believe the appraisement to be fair and just, endorse upon it his approval; if not, he shall endorse upon it his reasons for refusing, and deliver the same, with a receipt for the property impressed, to the owner, his agent or attorney, and, as soon as practicable, forward a copy of the receipt and appraisement, and his endorsement thereon, to the board of appraisers appointed by the President and Governor of the State, who shall revise the same, and make final valuation, so as to give just compensation for the property taken; which valuation shall be paid by the proper department for use of which the property was taken, on the certificate of the appraisers, as provided in the act of which this is amendatory." [Approved, April 27, 1863.]

By order,

S. COOPER, Adjutant and Inspector General XXI. The following named persons have been appointed appraiser under the impressment act:

E. W. (fubard, Virginia, Henry K. Burgwyn, North Caroling B. F. Perry, South Carolina, John E. Morgan, Georgia, John Finlayson, Florida, R. C. Fwis, Alabama, J. W. C. Watson, Mississippi, Richard Nugent, Louisiana, Wm. C. Benery, Arkansas, Wm. C. Benery, Arkansas,

Wm. E. Travis, Tennessee.

By command of the Secretary of War.

JOHN WITHERS, A. A. General.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, May 18, 1863.

1 Impressments made either to supply the immediate wants of an army in the field, or to accumulate quartermaster's supplies in depots, must always be made through officers of this department, or their subordinates, and not by company or regimental officers.

Authorities granted by the Quartermaster General will be in writing; and when an impressment is made under orders from a commanding officer of a post or detachment, the certificate of the impressing officer must describe him as such, stating the name of the post, or of the command to which the

detachment belongs.

3. When it shall be impracticable to appraise property at the date of the impressment, any officer of this department, on the presentation of certificates in Form No. 2, signed by a quartermaster or impressing agent, may act on behalf of the Quartermaster General, and proceed to have an appraisement made in accordance with section 3 of the above act.

4. In no case will any officer causing an appraisement to be made of impressed property, fail to endorse thereon his approval, or disapproval with

reason therefor, as required by law.

5. The schedule of prices, established every two months or oftener, by the Board of Commissioners for each State, will be published in the daily papers for the information of parties making impressments; and no officer or agent will pay, or approve for payment, any local appraisement materially in excess thereof, but will always refer the same to the board for its revision and a final valuation.

6. Slaves can be impressed only for the purposes or actioned in a ction 9 of the act, and subject to the provisions of that and the section immediately

following:

7. Any supplies n eded by this department, and tendered thereto by the authorities of any county, or a committee theorin, in accordance with the spirit of the President's Proclamation and the Regulations practiced by the Sentary of War, will be accepted by quartermasters, and paid for at prices not exceeding those announced in the schedule adopted by the Beart of Continsioners.

8. The following Forms, described as Impressment Forms, Nos. 1, 2, 3, may be obtained, as other forms are had, or exquisitions; or they may be printed by officers in eases of necessity. They should be closely afters I to.

(Volemer to Abstract A.)

Form No. 1 .- Property impressed and appraised.

(III) N	To,	Dr.
Date.		
	Credit by this amount paid by ———,	

Received at —, the — of —, 186—, of —, Quartermaster, C. S. Army, — dollars and — cents, in full of the above account.

Certificate of Impressment.

that the same are essential for the use of the army, could not be otherwise procured, and were taken through absolute necessity. I further certify that said — (or — his agent) having been daly sworn, made the affidavit that entitles him to a local assessment; whereupon, the property was duly appraised, and herein after set forth at — dollars; and that the sum of — dollars has been paid on account thereof.

———, Quartermaster, ——— Regt. —— Brigade, (Or Agent.)

Certificate of Appraisement.

We, the undersigned, chosen by —— on the one part, and by —— on the other part, being first duly sworn, do, this —— day of ——, 186—, appraise the above impressed property at the following rates, to wit:

making in the aggregate the sum of ---- dollars.

Witness our hands and seals.

SEAL |

Approval or Disapproval of Officer

The more oppracement is hereby . Quartermaste.

,	rorm No.	2 Property	impressed t	but not	appraise
The Assessment of the Parket o	. mes Com. and				

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B CONTROLATES	TARMS			

Received at ---, the --- day of --- 186-, of ---, Quantermaster C. S. Army, - dollars and - cents, in full of above account.

Certificate of Impressment.

following supplies, property of ---, to wit : --

that the same are essential for the use of the army; could not be otherwise procured, and were taken through absolute necessity. I further certify that entitles him to a local appraisement, but that the same cannot now behad, by reason of -

, Quartermaster, Regiment, - Brigade

Certificate of Appraisement.

We, the undersigned, chosen by --- on the one part, and by --- on bethis — day of — 186—, appraise the above impressed property at the following rates, to wit: -

making in the aggregate the sum of - dollars Witness our bands and seals.

Approval or Disapproval of Officer

The above appraisement is hereby -

(VOUCHER TO ABSTRACT A.)

Form No. 3 .- Property impressed, and to be paid for under Schedule

really, but by varue of maintager from -..................... I are former ad, this

9. The above accounts, when paid, will for a youch as as for purchases to

ers therefor may be taken in the ordinary way, in Form No. 12, stating on the fice thereof that the property was impressed and that the payment is made on account in stead of in full.

use only of the property is impressed, the above forms can be so modified as to show that fact, and the rate of hire as well as the value of the property should be stated. Any subsequent appraisement to determine the value of alleged

12. General Orders, No. 3.), apply only when the property remains on hand. Supplies impressed prior to the date of the impressment act, March Ub, 1863, and consumed, will be paid for as heretofore, subject to the rates

announced in the schedule adopted by the War Department.

13. In determining the values to be paid under the schedules of the Board of Commissioners, reference will be had to the prices specified therein at the date of the impressment, and not that of payment.

14. When irregular impressments or purchases are made by regimental or company officers, and so vonched as to come within the rule prescribed by the comptroller (s Appendix to New Regulations Q. M. Dept. p. 186,) the property may be prid for by any quartermaster, at rates not exceeding those

established by the schedule of the Board of Commissioners.

15. When the claim is not immediately paid, and the certificate shows either that the own r is entitled to schedule prices, or that no appraisement was had at the time of the impressment, or that the local appraisement had is approved, the above form in duplicate shall be delivered to the claimant. But when the local appraisment is not approved, one voucher shall be delivered ers. When the latter is endorsed with the Board's final valuation, and returned for payment, the paying office: will take up with it the duplicate in the posses-

Hollinger Corp. pH 8.5